



Inform, Influence, and Inspire

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The world today



Outine



- INFORM: Art and science
 - Changing world-demographics
- INFLUENCE:
 - Using international policy and data to implement local OT
 - Health care policy
 - Scope of practice challenges
- INSPIRE:
 - Tech to support the science
 - Touch to support the art
- Conclusions



INFORM

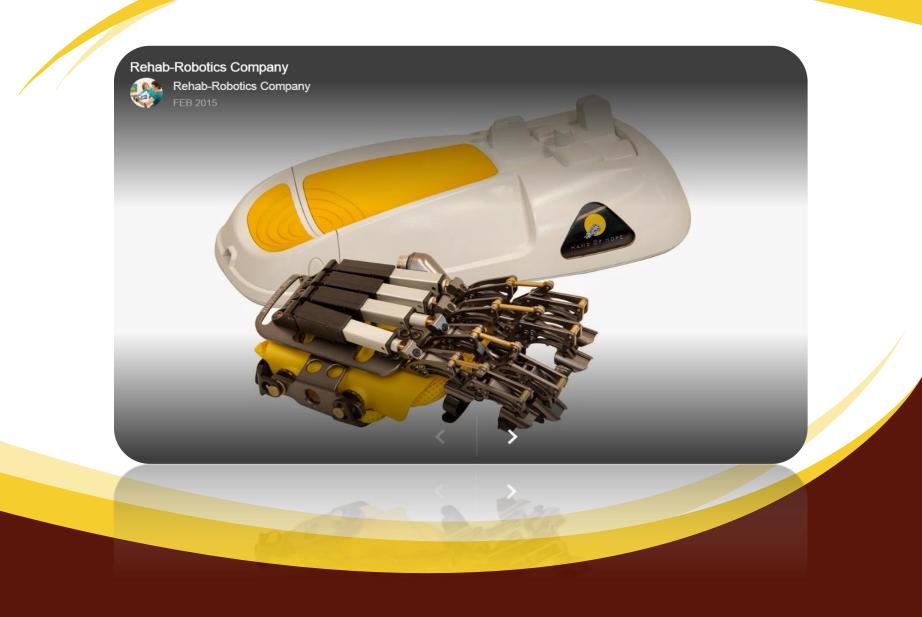


The primary goal of occupational therapy is to enable people to participate in the activities of everyday life. Occupational therapists achieve this outcome by working with people and communities to enhance their ability to engage in the occupations they want to, need to, or are expected to do, or by modifying the occupation or the environment to better support their occupational engagement. (WFOT 2012)

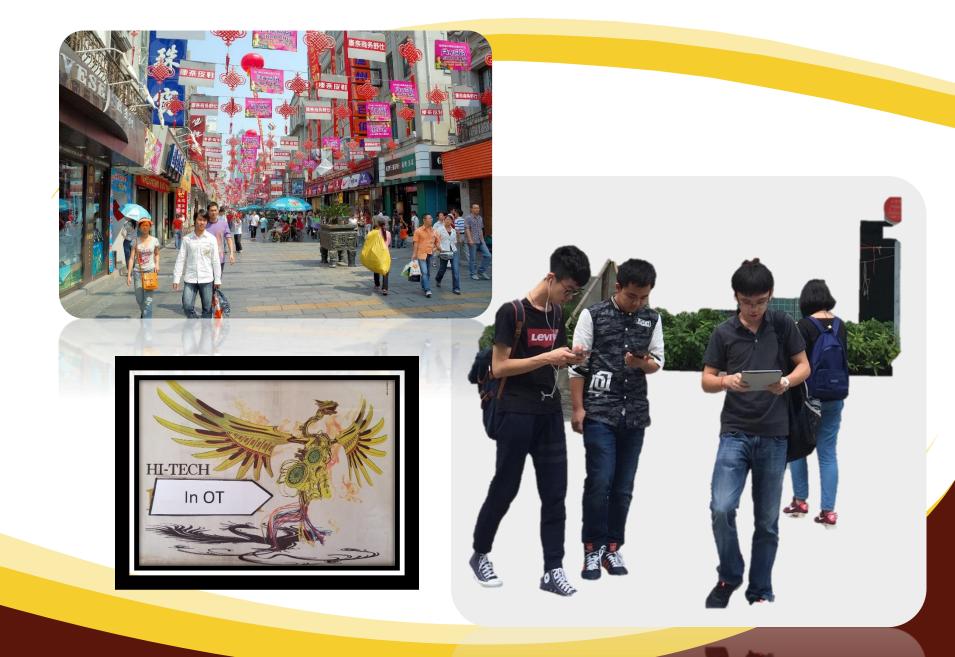
Position Statement on Client-centredness in Occupational Therapy

Occupation refers to the things that people do in their everyday lives. The primary goal of occupational therapy is people's participation in occupation. Occupational therapists believe that people's participation can be supported or restricted by their personal abilities, by specific demands/characteristics of occupation and by the physical, social, attitudinal and legislative environments. (WFOT, 2010)



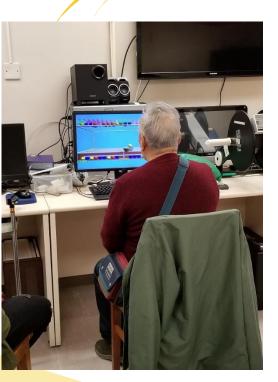




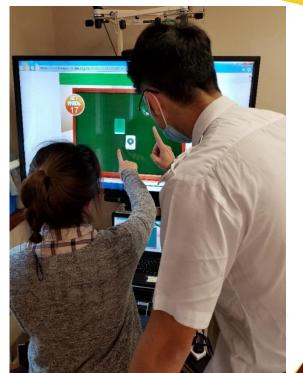




Clinical applications









※問題給履 提高獨立生活能力 活出美滿豐盛人生









2 minutes?



- What everyday technology are we using now in OT in China?
- What other technology should we be using? In 10 years?

Thinking into the future 10 years: clean house, drive car, serve food, what do **we** do while they do our jobs??

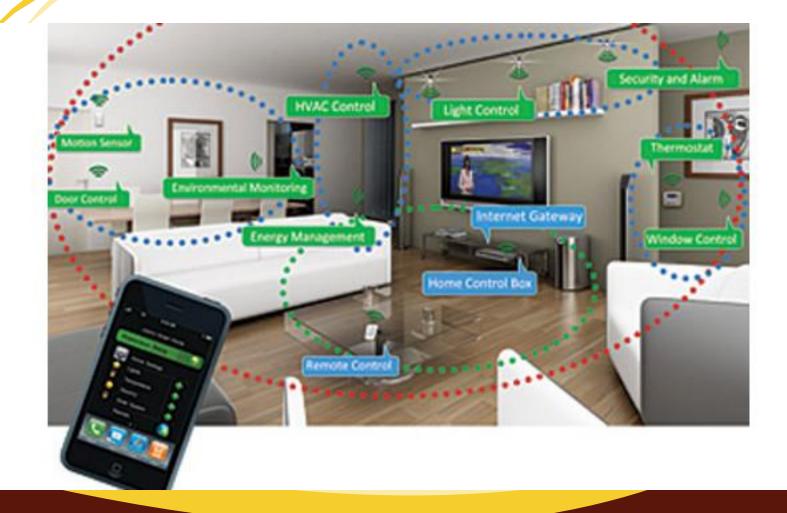


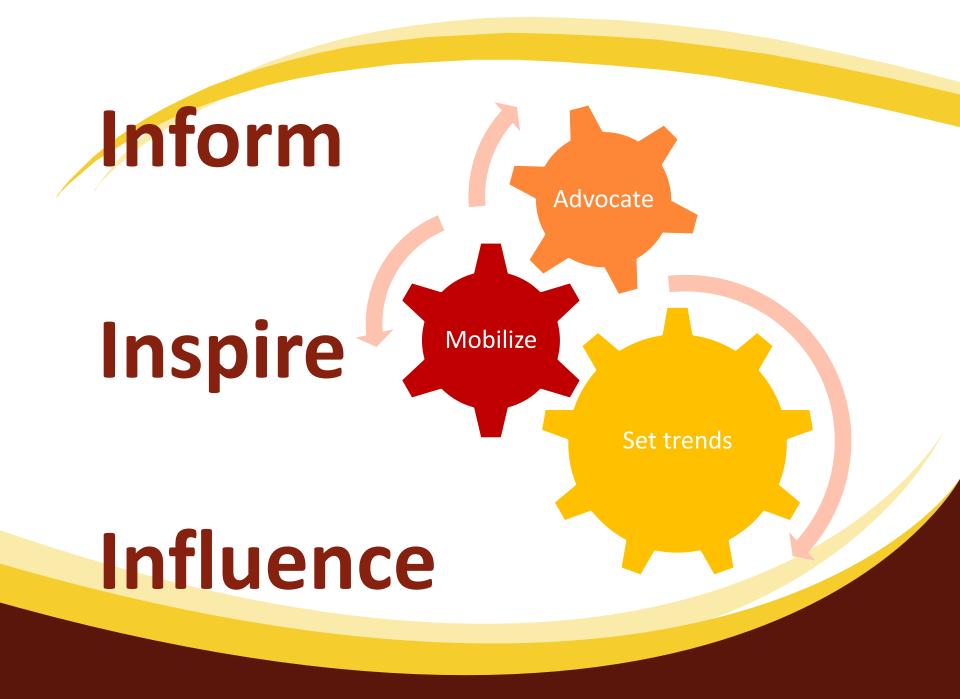






Environmental control system





WFOT supports progress

geographic areas served.

Confidentiality – Users of telehealth are obligated to employ mechanisms to ensu confidentiality for synchronous and stored client data in compliance with jurisdiction stitutional, and professional regulations and policies governing occupational therapy practice onal and Cultural Attributes - Therapists should follow principles outlined in ent, Guiding Principles on Diversity and Culture⁷ and the Diversity and Cul d in the WFOT's

Supplementation of Care – Therapists must maintain professional strength and the second strength an ency, thical

Position Statement TELEHEALTH

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STATEM OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY - P

Occupational therapy is an autonomous health cr Occupational therapy is an autonomous realth of are determined (designed) only by qualified occu World Federation of Occupational a world rederation or Occupational me programmeme. Occupational therapy educatio programmeme. Occupational merapy education through the auspices of their national occur organizations take responsibility for ensuring t Occupational Therapists (2002) are met and t some countries there are external groups v educational programmes and which use national educational programmes and which use have evaluation process which equal or surpass t

Occupational therapy professionals are rehabilitation teams and contribute their decision making on the design of the pa use the occupational therapy process identifying occupational performance is: and strategies and to evaluate outcome settings and community based services

POSITION STATEMENT T.CENTREDNESS IN OCCUPATIC

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STATEMENT ON OCCUPATIONAL T

Occupational therapy is a client-centred health profession conc and well being through occupation. The primary goal of occup people to participate in the activities of everyday life. Occupatic outcome by working with people and communities to enhance the occupations they want to, need to, or are expected to do, or by me the environment to better support their occupational engagement.

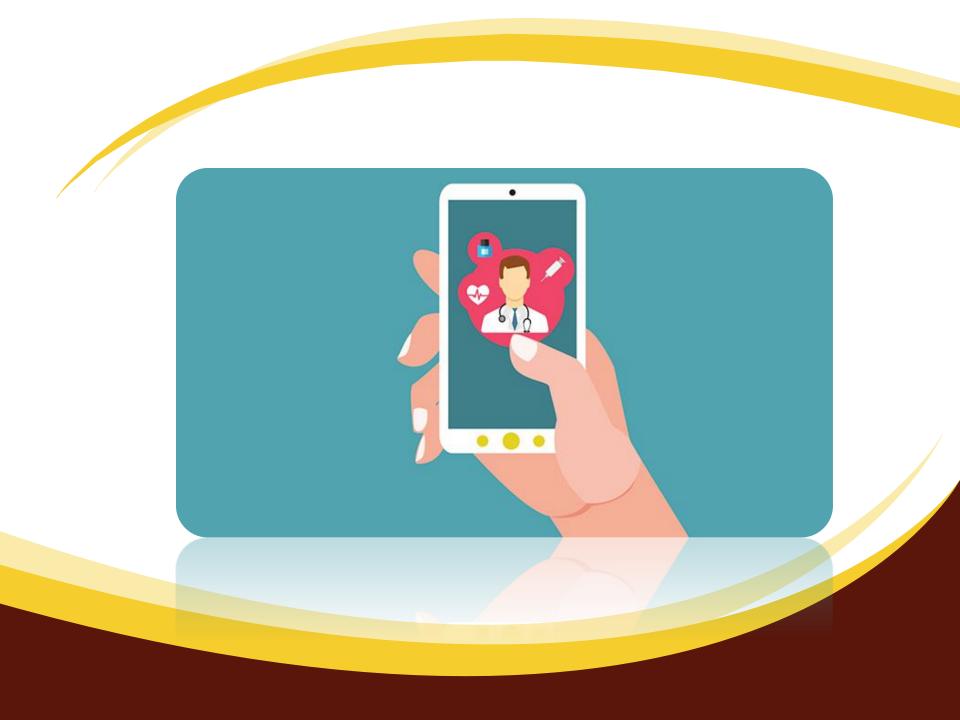
Occupational therapists have a broad education in the medica psychological, psychosocial and occupational sciences which equips t skills and knowledge to work collaboratively with people, individu communities. Occupational therapists can work with all people, includin impairment of body structure or function owing to a health condition, or their participation or who are socially excluded owing to their memb cultural minority groups.

Occupational therapists believe that participation can be supported or physical, affective or cognitive abilities of the individual, the characteristics of or the physical, social, cultural, attitudinal and legislative environme occupational therapy practice is focused on enabling individuals to change a person, the occupation, the environment, or some combination of these occupational participation.

Occupational therapy is practised in a wide range of public, private and volur settings, such as, the person's home environment; schools; workplaces; heal supported accommodation; housing for seniors; rehabilitation centres; hosp forensic services. Clients are actively involved in the occupational therapy proc outcomes are client-driven and diverse and measured in terms of participation, say derived from occupational participation and / or improvement in occupational perfor The majority of countries regulate occupational therapy as a health profession and specific university level education.

Touch the Future

- Touch the Future: Using iPads as a Therapeutic Tool, by Cathy Hoesterey, OTR/L, and Carol Chappelle, OTR/L, MBA, in July 23, 2012 OT Practice, p. 7.
- <u>Wii-habilitation: Using the Wii as an Effective Intervention Tool for Seniors</u>, by Camille Sparkes-Griffin, OTR/L, in February 25, 2013, OT Practice, p. 18.
- <u>"App" titude: Smart Gadget Applications Showing Their Worth in Practice</u> by Andrew Waite in July 2, 2012, *OT Practice*.
- <u>App Support: Mobile Applications for Individuals With Cognitive and Behavioral Challenges</u>, by Lindsey Aftel, Mary Freeman, Jessica Lynn, & Whitney Mercer, in June 20, 2011, *OT Practice*
- Osteoarthritis, Video Games in Rehabilitation, and Fall Prevention, by Susan H. Lin, ScD, OTR/L, in February 21, 2011, OT Practice
- <u>Electronic Engagement: Assistive Technology for Persons With Disabilities</u> by Steve Van Lew, MS, OT/L; Holly Cohen, ATP, OTR/L; & Nandita Singh, MPH, OTR/L, in October 25, 2009, *OT Practice*.
- <u>Technology Intervention, Using What Is There: Hidden Features and Functions of Operating</u> <u>Systems and Word Processing</u>, by Kimberly D. Hartmann, PhD, OTR/L, FAOTA; Kathy Post, PhD, OTR/L, FAOTA; & Christine Gardner, BSHS, MOTS, in May 24, 2010, *OT Practice*.
- <u>Virtual Reality-Based Rehabilitation</u>, by Salvador Bondoc, OTD, OTR/L, BCPR, CHT; Courtney Powers, BSHS; Nathan Herz, OTD, MBA, OTR/L; & Valerie Hermann, MS, OTR/L, in June 28, 2010, OT Practice.





Communication, SMART-TECH, sensory processing, elderly care **MOTOR BEHAVIOURS**, interests, motivations, restrictions, adaptations, **OCCUPATIONAL THERAPY** neuroplasticity, active aging Family-centred care, HI TOUCK mental health environment

Advocate Inform Mobilize Inspire Set trends Influence Thank you!